

(19)

Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

EP 1 032 195 A2

(12)

EUROPÄISCHE PATENTANMELDUNG

(43) Veröffentlichungstag:
30.08.2000 Patentblatt 2000/35(51) Int. Cl.⁷: H04N 5/00

(21) Anmeldenummer: 00102938.8

(22) Anmeldetag: 14.02.2000

(84) Benannte Vertragsstaaten:
AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU
MC NL PT SE
Benannte Erstreckungsstaaten:
AL LT LV MK RO SI

(30) Priorität: 26.02.1999 DE 19908488

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(54) Verfahren und Vorrichtung zur Wiedergabe von digitalen Datenströmen

(57) In DVB/MPEG transport streams, the PID specifies the assignment of the packets to the different elementary streams. For reproduction of the elementary streams, for instance by a set-top box with outputting via the screen of a television set, the packets of the desired program have to be selected from the transport stream by means of the PIDs using the demultiplexer. This requires in each case the evaluation of the Program Association Table and Program Map Table, and also that the PIDs of the elementary streams to be reproduced be known to the demultiplexer in the set-top box. If the set-top box has a digital interface via which parts

of the transport data stream can be stored and reproduced later or via which an arbitrary transport data stream can be fed to the set-top box, the demultiplexer must firstly be reprogrammed with the PIDs. Reproduction simply by the pressing of a reproduction (play) button is possible according to the invention, however, by virtue of the fact that the PID for the packets of at least one of the data streams is set to a predetermined value in the set-top box, the packets with this predetermined value of the PID being selected for reproduction.

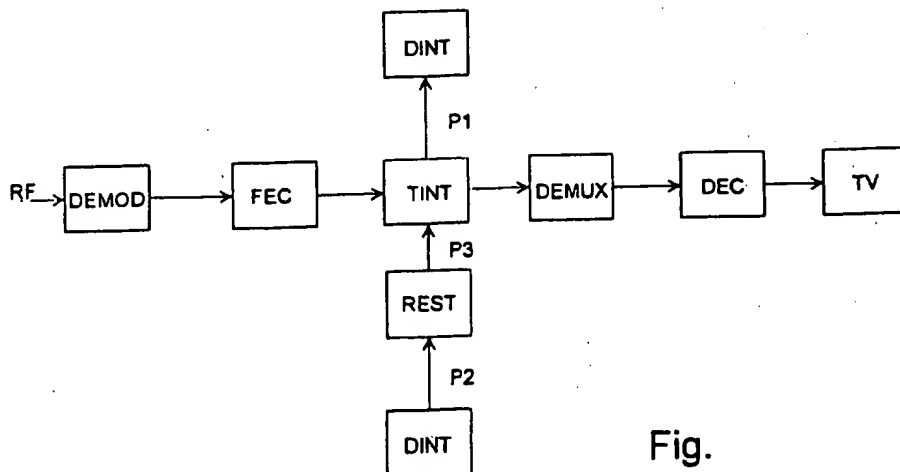


Fig.

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Description

[0001] The invention relates to a method and an apparatus for the reproduction of digital data streams, in particular for the reproduction of MPEG data streams.

Prior art

[0002] Various methods are known for transmitting data-compressed bit streams. Such a method for the transmission of MPEG2 data has been specified in the specification MPEG2 Part 1: Systems (ISO/IEC DIS 13818-1). In this case, the coded data are not transmitted as a continuous stream but rather are subdivided into smaller information units, so-called packets. This formation of packets enables, on the one hand, the synchronization of data streams and, on the other hand, the joining together of a plurality of data streams to form a new data stream. Depending on the type of transmission and/or the application, the data are transmitted either in the program stream or in the transport stream. For radio-broadcasting transmission via cable, satellite or terrestrially, the transport stream is used since it has a particularly robust structure in the form of short packets. In this case, a transport packet is divided into a header comprising four bytes, optionally into an adaptation field, and furthermore into the area of the useful information. Thirteen bits of the header are used for the so-called packet identification. The packet identification (PID) in this case serves for assigning the packets to the different elementary streams, packets which belong to one and the same elementary stream having identical PIDs. The PIDs under which a corresponding decoder can find the individual packets within the transport stream are transmitted as part of the useful data in the form of tables. In this case, the Program Association Table specifies the number of programs contained in a transport stream and defines the assignment of the PID to the Program Map Table for each of the programs. The Program Map Table in turn contains a list of all PIDs for the elementary streams which are associated with the program assigned to the table.

[0003] For reproduction of the elementary streams, for instance by a set-top box with outputting via the screen of a television set, the packets of the desired program have to be selected from the transport stream by means of the PIDs using the demultiplexer. This requires in each case the evaluation of the Program Association Table and Program Map Table, and also that the PIDs of the elementary streams to be reproduced be known to the demultiplexer in the set-top box. If the set-top box has a digital interface via which parts of the transport data stream can be stored and reproduced later or via which an arbitrary transport data stream can be fed to the set-top box, the demultiplexer must firstly be reprogrammed with the respective PIDs after evaluation of the Program Association Table and Program Map Table. Reproduction simply by the press-

ing of a reproduction (play) button is thus not possible.

Invention

[0004] The invention is based on the object of specifying a method for the reproduction of digital data streams in which any desired data streams can be reproduced in a simple manner by means of a set-top box.

[0005] This object is achieved by means of the method specified in Claim 1.

[0006] The invention is based on the further object of specifying an apparatus for carrying out the method according to the invention. This object is achieved by means of the apparatus specified in Claim 4.

[0007] In principle, the invention's method for the reproduction of digital data streams, a plurality of data streams being joined together to form a transmission data stream for transmission and the data being grouped into packets, a packet containing, in addition to the useful information, a packet identification information, which specifies which data stream the packet is to be assigned to, consists in the fact that the packet identification information for the packets of at least one of the data streams is set to a predetermined value which differs from the original value, and that the packets with the predetermined value of the packet identification information are selected for reproduction.

[0008] In an advantageous manner, of the transmission data stream, using the packet identification information, one or more of the data streams are selected and recorded and, before the reproduction, of one of the data streams, the packet identification information is set to predetermined values.

[0009] The method shall preferably be applied if the transmission data stream is a DVB transport stream, for the change in value of the packet identification information first of all the Program Association Table and the Program Map Table are evaluated and the packet identification information of video, audio and PCR packets is set to predetermined values.

[0010] In principle, the invention's apparatus for the reproduction of digital data streams has an input for a transport data stream, a demultiplexer for selecting data streams from the transport data stream, a decoder for decoding the data contained in the data streams, and an output for outputting the decoded data to a reproduction apparatus, as well as a transport stream interface, via which the transport data stream can be read in and/or output in its entirety or partially, and a unit for restamping the packet identification information, by means of which the packet identification information for the packets of at least one of the data streams is set to a predetermined value which differs from the original value, where the demultiplexer selects the packets with the predetermined value of the packet identification information for reproduction.

[0011] Preferably, a digital interface in accordance

with the IEEE 1394 Standard is additionally provided, which is connected to the transport stream interface, the digital interface converting the transport data stream into the IEEE 1394 format.

Drawings

[0012] An exemplary embodiment of the invention is described with reference to the figure, which shows a simplified block diagram of the apparatus according to the invention.

Exemplary embodiment

[0013] The figure illustrates one possible embodiment of an apparatus according to the invention. A received television signal RF is first of all fed to a demodulator DEMOD in the analog front end. The demodulation depends on the modulation method used and thus on the respective transmission channel. In the case of satellite transmission, QPSK modulation and demodulation, in particular, are considered in this context. The demodulated signals are fed firstly to error correction EDC and then to a transport stream interface TINT. The transport stream interface TINT filters one or more programs, according to the user's stipulation, out of the transport stream for recording on a disc- or tape-based digital storage medium, e.g. a hard disk. This can be done by the inputting of the associated PID numbers of the program or programs. Likewise, the selection may alternatively be made using a suitable menu displayed on the screen of the TV set TV. The transport stream P1 for the selected programs is then fed via a suitable digital interface DINT, which corresponds e.g. to the IEEE 1394 Standard, to a storage device (not illustrated here), e.g. a hard disk or a D-VHS recorder, and is recorded there. For a later reproduction of the stored data stream, the latter is first of all read in from the storage device via the digital interface DINT and fed as a transport data stream P2 to the restamp unit REST. In this case, if there are a plurality of recorded programs, it is necessary first of all to select the desired program or the desired transmission. The corresponding PID numbers for audio and video data and PCR are then determined for the desired program by means of the Program Association Table and the Program Map Table. Transport stream packets with the PID numbers determined are then restamped by the restamp unit REST, that is to say the packet identification in the header of the respective transport packets is changed to fixed numbers known to the system. The restamped transport stream P3 is then fed to the demultiplexer DEMUX via the transport stream interface TINT. The demultiplexer DEMUX then no longer has to evaluate the Program Association Table and Program Map Table for reproduction of the recorded data stream, since the same PID numbers are always present due to the restamping by means of the restamp unit REST, but rather can forward the data

stream directly to the MPEG2 decoder DEC. After decoding, display on the screen of the TV set TV can then be effected. For this purpose, the TV set may be connected to the set-top box e.g. by means of a SCART cable.

[0014] The restamp unit REST is preferably integrated in a set-top box, but may likewise be integrated in a recording device such as, for instance, a digital video recorder, a DVD-RAM or in the TV set.

[0015] The invention may be used for example in the context of a so-called TV memory function. The latter enables reproduction staggered over time in the following manner. In the event of an interruption during the viewing of a television program, e.g. due to a telephone call, the user initiates a command e.g. by pressing a corresponding button on the remote control, which leads to the storage of the subsequent program parts. For this purpose, the transport stream is output via the transport interface TINT and the digital interface DINT to a recording device, e.g. an integrated hard disk, and is recorded on the latter. Once the interruption has ended, the user issues a further command to initiate time-staggered reproduction of the recorded program starting at the point of interruption, and the program simultaneously continues to be recorded, e.g. until the end of the transmitted broadcast. Thus, simultaneously, the stored transport stream is read in via the digital interface DINT and the transport stream interface TINT and the transport stream currently being received is output via the same interfaces. In the case of the transport stream that is read in, the PIDs are in this case restamped in the manner described above.

Claims

1. Method for the reproduction of digital data streams, a plurality of data streams being joined together to form a transmission data stream for transmission and the data being grouped into packets, a packet containing, in addition to the useful information, a packet identification information (PID), which specifies which data stream the packet is to be assigned to, wherein the packet identification information (PID) for the packets of at least one of the data streams is set to a predetermined value which differs from the original value, and wherein the packets with the predetermined value of the packet identification information (PID) are selected for reproduction, characterized in that of the transmission data stream, using the packet identification information, one or more of the data streams are selected and recorded with unchanged packet identification information (PID) and, subsequent to the recording and before the reproduction of one of the data streams, the packet identification information is set to predetermined values.

2. Method according to Claim 1, characterized in

that the transmission data stream is a DVB transport stream, for the change in value of the packet identification information (PID) first of all a Program Association Table and a Program Map Table are evaluated and the packet identification information (PID) of video, audio and PCR packets is set to predetermined values.

3. Apparatus for the reproduction of digital data streams, having an input for a transport data stream, a demultiplexer (DEMUX) for selecting data streams from the transport data stream, a decoder (DEC) for decoding the data contained in the data streams, and an output for outputting the decoded data to a reproduction apparatus (TV), characterized in that a transport stream interface (TINT) is provided, via which the transport data stream can be read in its entirety or partially with unchanged packet identification information (PID), and a unit for restamping the packet identification information (PID), by means of which the packet identification information (PID) for the packets of at least one of the data streams is set to a predetermined value after recording which differs from the original value, in that via the transport stream interface (TINT) the datastreams with the altered packet identification information (PID) can be read out and in that the demultiplexer selects the packets with the predetermined value of the packet identification information (PID) for reproduction.
4. Apparatus according to Claim 3, characterized in that a digital interface (DINT) in accordance with the IEEE 1394 Standard is additionally provided, which is connected to the transport stream interface (TINT), the digital interface converting the transport data stream into the IEEE 1394 format.

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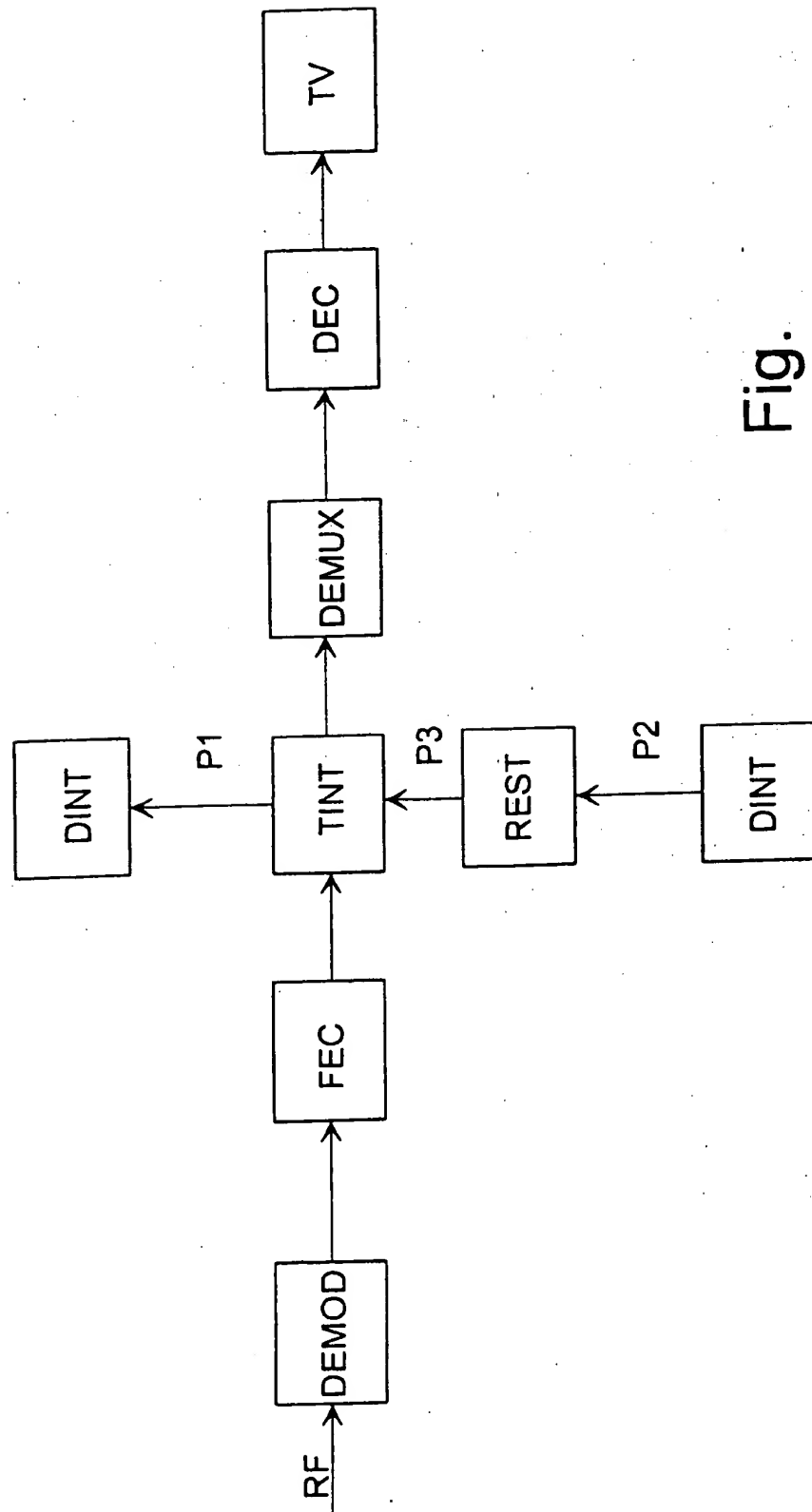
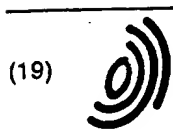


Fig.



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(11) EP 1 032 195 A2

[12]

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
 30.08.2000 Bulletin 2000/35

(51) Int. Cl.⁷: H04N 5/00

(21) Application number: 00102938.8

(22) Date of filing: 14.02.2000

(84) Designated Contracting States:
 AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU
 MC NL PT SE
 Designated Extension States:
 AL LT LV MK RO SI

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(30) Priority: 26.02.1999 DE 19908488

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 78048 Villingen-Schwenningen (DE)

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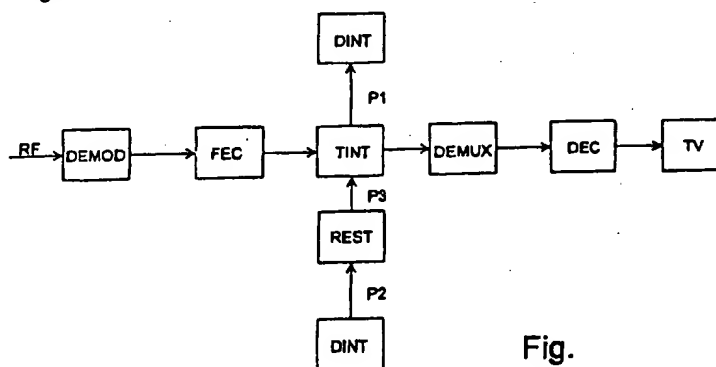
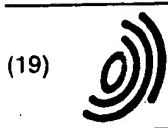


Fig.



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(11)

EP 1 032 195 A3

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(88) Date of publication A3:
08.11.2000 Bulletin 2000/45

(51) Int. Cl.7: H04N 5/00

(43) Date of publication A2:
30.08.2000 Bulletin 2000/35

(21) Application number: 00102938.8

(22) Date of filing: 14.02.2000

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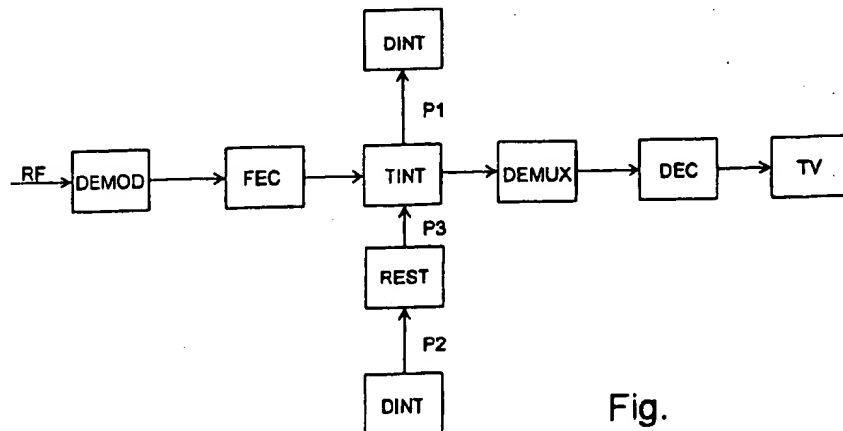


Fig.

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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 00 10 2938

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
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A	EP 0 782 332 A (SONY CORP) 2 July 1997 (1997-07-02) * column 2, line 16 - line 34 * * column 9, line 12 - line 27 * * figure 1 *	1-4	
A	EP 0 749 244 A (MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC IND CO LTD) 18 December 1996 (1996-12-18) * column 1, line 33 - line 45 * * column 4, line 7 - line 19 *	1-4	
A	US 5 619 337 A (NAIMPALLY SAIPRASAD V) 8 April 1997 (1997-04-08) * figure 2 *	1-4	
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)
			H04N
Place of search		Date of completion of the search	Examiner
THE HAGUE		18 September 2000	Fantini, F
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EPO FORM 1501 03.02 (P04031)

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 00 10 2938

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The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
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18-09-2000

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